These are key features in the conservation area and the points relate to the numbered areas on the map.

- The Gun Inn a Grade II listed building has been an important focal point of the hamlet since at least the middle of the 19th century. The slate roof is hipped at one end and gabled at the other. The sash windows have vertical glazing bars only. Generations of innkeepers have provided food and drink for local fishermen and farmers
- 2 The coastguard cottages are now private houses since coastguard duties were transferred to Calshot. The attractive detailing in red and blue bricks and the anchor symbol have been taken up in the new houses built alongside. It is very important when dealing with prominent buildings to consider details carefully. Every effort should be made to retain original windows and their glass. Modern glass is so smooth that its mirror effect can radically alter the appearance of a building.
- 3 The groups of trees at Old Saltgrass and Aubrey House give shelter to the area and form a significant landmark.
- Hawker's Cottage was the Keyhaven home of 4 Colonel Peter Hawker of the Royal Dragoons who served under Wellington and was invalided out of the army during the Peninsular War. He kept a diary for more than 50 years which records many of his wildfowling exploits in this area. The original low lattice windows were replaced by the more imposing stuccoed bays towards the end of the 19th century.
- Against the backdrop of the Isle of Wight Hurst 5 Castle dominates the view from the southern edge of the area. The castle was built in the 1540s as part of Henry VIII's coastal defence. Much of the stone came from Beaulieu Abbey. During the Civil War Charles I was imprisoned there. In the 19th century extensive rebuilding was undertaken and it maintained its strategic importance through both World Wars. Many buildings have come and gone and today tourists visit it either on foot along the shingle bank or by ferry from Keyhaven.

